# MITSUBISHI



# SAFETY PRECAUTIONS •

(Always read these instructions before using this equipment.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals introduced in this manual carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.

The instructions given in this manual are concerned with this product. Refer to the User's Manual of the CPU module in use for details on the safety instructions for the programmable logic controller system.

In this manual, the safety instructions are ranked as "DANGER" and "CAUTION".



Note that the  $\bigwedge$  **CAUTION** level may lead to a serious consequence according to the circumstances. Always follow the instructions of both levels because they are important to personal safety.

Store this manual in a safe place so that you can take it out and read it whenever necessary. Always forward it to the end user.

### [DESIGN PRECAUTIONS]

<ul> <li>Install a safety circuit external to the PLC that keeps the entire system safe even when there are problems with the external power supply or the PLC module. Otherwise, trouble could result from erroneous output or erroneous operation.</li> </ul>								
<ol> <li>The analog output state will differ according to the setting state of the various functions for controlling the analog output.</li> <li>Take special care when making the settings.</li> <li>Refer to section 3.3.2 for details on the analog output state.</li> </ol>								
(2) If there is a fault in the output element or the internal circuit, correct outputs may not be possible or erroneous outputs may be made. Provide a circuit to externally monitor output signals that could lead to major faults.								
<ul> <li>Do not bunch the control wires or communication cables with the main circuit or power wires, or install them close to each other. They should be installed 100mm (3.94inch) or more from each other. Not doing so could result in noise that would cause erroneous operation.</li> </ul>								
• At power ON/OFF, voltage or current may instantaneously be output from the output terminal of this module.								

In such case, wait until the analog output becomes stable to start controlling the external device.

# [INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS]

# 

- Use the PLC in an environment that meets the general specifications given in the User's Manual of the CPU module in use. Using this PLC in an environment outside the range of the general specifications could result in electric shock, fire, erroneous operation, and damage to or deterioration of the product.
- Install so that the pegs on the bottom of the module fit securely into the base unit peg holes, and use the specified torque to tighten the module's fixing screws. Not installing the module correctly could result in erroneous operation, damage, or pieces of the product falling.

## [WIRING PRECAUTIONS]

# CRUTION Ground the FG terminal especially when high levels of noise are identified. Failure to observe this could lead to erroneous operation. When wiring in the PLC, be sure that it is done correctly by checking the product's rated voltage and the terminal layout. Connecting a power supply that is different from the rating or incorrectly wiring the product could result in fire or damage. Tightening the terminal screws with the specified torque. If the terminal screws are loose, it could result in short circuits, fire, or erroneous operation. Tightening the terminal screws too far may cause damages to the screws and/or the module, resulting in fallout, short circuits, or malfunction. Be sure there are no foreign substances such as sawdust or wiring debris inside the module. Such debris could cause fires, damage, or erroneous operation.

# [STARTUP AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS]



- Do not touch the terminals while power is on. Doing so could cause shock or erroneous operation.
- Be sure to shut off all phases of the external power supply used by the system before cleaning or retightening the terminal screws. If you do not switch off the external power supply, it will cause failure or malfunction of the module.

# 

- Do not disassemble or modify the module. Doing so could cause trouble, erroneous operation, injury, or fire.
- Be sure to shut off all phases of the external power supply used by the system before mounting or dismounting the module.
  If you do not switch off the external power supply, it will cause failure or malfunction of the module.
- Do not install/remove the terminal block more than 50 times after the first use of the product. (IEC 61131-2 compliant)
- Before handling the module, always touch grounded metal, etc. to discharge static electricity from the human body.

Failure to do so can cause the module to fail or malfunction.

# [DISPOSAL PRECAUTIONS]

# 

• When disposing of the product, handle it as industrial waste.

# REVISIONS

Print Date	*Manual Number	Revision
Aug., 1995	IB (NA) 66587-A	First edition
Apr., 2001	IB (NA) 66587-B	Addition SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, WARRANTY Correction Chapter 2, Section 3.1, 3.2, 3.3.1, 4.2, 4.5.2, 5.4, 6.4
Dec., 2003	IB (NA) 66587-C	Addition Conformation to the EMC Directive and Low Voltage Instruction Partial Correction SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, Section 4.5.2
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\* The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Japanese Manual Version SH-3553-G

#### Conformation to the EMC Directive and Low Voltage Instruction

When incorporating a Mitsubishi PLC that is compliant with the EMC and low voltage directives into any other product and ensuring compliance with these directives, refer to Chapter 3"EMC and Low Voltage Directives" of the User's Manual (Hardware) for the PLC CPU included with the CPU module or base unit.

A module compliant with the EMC and low voltage directives bears a CE mark logo printed on the rating plate.

To make this product compliant with the EMC and low voltage directives, refer to "CC-Link module" in Chapter 3 "EMC and Low Voltage Directives" of the User's Manual (Hardware) for the CPU module.

## INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing the Mitsubishi MELSEC-A Series of General Purpose Programmable Controllers. Please read this manual carefully so that the equipment is used to its optimum. A copy of this manual should be forwarded to the end User.

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

This manual describes specifications, handling, programming and other information on the A1S68DAV digital-to-analog voltage converter module (referred to as "A1S68DAV") and the A1S68DAI digital-to-analog current converter module (referred to as "A1S68DAI") for use with a MELSEC-A series compact building block type CPU module.

(1) A1S68DAV

Used to convert incoming digital values (16-bit signed binary data) which are set with the PLC CPU to analog values (voltage outputs ranging from -10 V to 10 V).

(2) A1S68DAI

Used to convert incoming digital values (16-bit signed binary data) which are set with the PLC CPU to analog values (voltage outputs ranging from -4 mA to 20 mA).

A1S68DAV and A1S68DAI are referred to as "A1S68DAV/DAI" or "module" in this manual.

#### 1.1 Features

(1) Allows digital-to-analog conversion for 8 channels.

The A1S68DAV/DAI can output analog values (voltage/current) to 8 external devices.

(2) High-speed conversion is possible.

8-channel digital-to-analog conversion can be executed within 4 ms.

(3) Allows analog output to be enabled/disabled on a channel basis.

Analog value output can be enabled or disabled for each channel by the sequence program.

The channel disabled for analog output provides an analog output value of 0 V or 0 mA.

(4) Allows setting of analog output to be held or cleared (all channels in batch) at STOP of PLC CPU.

Holding of analog output when the PLC CPU is at STOP can be set with the HLD/CLR terminal.

(1) Applicable CPUs

<ul> <li>A1SJCPU(S3)</li> </ul>	• A1SJHCPU(S8)	• A1SCPU(S1)	<ul> <li>A1SCPUC24-R2</li> </ul>
•A1SHCPU	A2SCPU(S1)	A2SHCPU(S1)	• A2ASCPU(S1/S30)
A2USHCPU-S1	Q2ASCPU(S1)	• Q2ASHCPU(S1)	A52GCPU

**MELSEC-A** 

(2) Number of modules that can be loaded

There is no restriction on the number of modules loaded, provided the available I/O point range of the CPU used is not exceeded.

(3) Usable slots

The A1S68DAV/DAI can be loaded in any slot of a base unit, provided the following precautions are observed.

If loading the module in a slot of an extension base unit that does not have a power supply module (A1S52B(S1), A1S55B(S1), A1S58B(S1)), note that the power supply capacity may be insufficient.

When loading the A1S68DAV/DAI on an extension base unit that has no power supply module, select an appropriate power supply module, main base unit, extension base unit, and extension cable by carefully considering the following points:

- 1) Current capacity of the power supply module on the main base unit
- 2) Voltage drop in the main base unit
- 3) Voltage drop in the extension base unit
- 4) Voltage drop in the extension base unit
- (4) Data link system

In a data link system, the A1S68DAV/DAI can be loaded at a master station, local station, or remote I/O station. For a program example for a remote I/O station, refer to the MELSECNET/B Data Link System Reference Manual.

#### REMARK

Refer to the following manuals for details on the ranges of I/O points and formulae for calculating voltage drop.

A1SJCPU(S1) User's Manual     IB 66446	;
A1SCPU/A1SCPUC24-R2/A2SCPU User's Manual · · · · · · · · · · · · IB 66320	)
A2ASCPU(S1/S30) User's Manual ····· IB 66480	)
A2USHCPU-S1 User's Manual ······IB 66789	)
A1SJH(S8)/A1SH/A2SHCPU(S1) User's Manual · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	)
Q2AS(H)CPU(S1) User's Manual ····· SH 3599	•

#### 3. SPECIFICATIONS

This chapter describes the general specifications of MELSEC A series PLCs, performance specifications, and I/O conversion characteristics of the A1S68DAV/DAI.

#### 3.1 General Specifications

Table 3.1 shows the general specifications of the MELSEC A series PLCs.

Item	Specifications										
Operating ambient temperature	0 to 55°C										
Storage ambient temperature	-20 to 75℃	-20 to 75°C									
Operating ambient humidity	10 to 90%R	10 to 90%RH, non-condensing									
Storage ambient humidity	10 to 90%R	H, non-condensir	ng								
			Frequency	Acceleration	Amplitude	Sweep Count					
		When there is	10 to 57 Hz		0.075 mm						
Vibration resistance	Conforming to *JIS B 3502, IEC 61132-2	Intermittent vibration	57 to 150 Hz	9.8m/S <sup>2</sup>		10 times each in X, Y and Z axis					
		When there is	10 to 57 Hz	<u> </u>	0.035 mm	(80 minutes)					
		continuous vibration	57 to 150 Hz	4.9m/S <sup>2</sup>							
Shock resistance	Conforming to	o JIS B3502, IEC	61132-2 (147m/S	S <sup>2</sup> , 3 times each in	3 directions)						
Operating environment	No corrosive	gas present									
Operating height	2000 m (6562	it) or less									
Installation area	On the control board										
Over-voltage categry *1	ll or less	li or less									
Pollution rate *2	2 or less										

#### Table 3.1 General Specifications

\*1: Indicates the distribution area where the device is assumed to be connected, from the public power distribution network to the local machine device.

Category II is applied to the devices to which the power is supplied from a fixed equipment.

The surge resistace voltage of a rated 300 V device is 2500 V.

\*2: This is an index which Indicates the occurrence rate of the conductive object in the anvironment where the device is used.

Pollution rate II indicates that only non-conductive pollution may occur with a possibility of generating temporary conductivity due to accidental condensation.

#### 3.2 Performance Specifications

Table 3.2 shows the performance specifications of the A1S68DAV/DAI.

	Specifications									
ltem	A1S68	DAV	A1S68DAI							
Digital input	(1) 16-bit signed binary (2) Setting range: -2048							<ul><li>(1) 16-bit signed binary data</li><li>(2) Setting range: 0 to 4096</li></ul>		
Analog output	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$									
	Digital Input Value	Analog Output Value	Digital Input Value	Analog Output Value						
	2000	10 V	4000	20 mA						
I/O characteristics	1000	5 V	2000	12 mA						
	0	0 V	0	4 mA						
	-1000	-5 V	<b></b>							
	-2000	-10 V								
Offset/gain adjustment	,	No	one							
Maximum resolution of analog value *1	5 m	v	4 μΑ							
Overall accuracy *2 (accuracy to the maximum value)	±1.0% ( ±	:100mV )	±1.0% (±200µA)							
MaxImum conversion time *3	time of 5 ms or less with	ess from the PLC CPU access every scan), th	using FROM/TO instruction is can be extended up to a cified analog value (voltage	about 6 ms.						
Output short protection	Provided									
Analog output points	8 channels/module									
Insulation method	Photocoupler insulation Between output channe		als and PLC power							
Number of I/O points	32 points (I/O allocation	: special function modul	ie)							
Connection terminal	20 point terminal block (	seven M3.5 screws)								
Applicable wire size	0.75 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>									
Applicable solderless terminal	R1.25-3, 1.25-YS3, RAV	/1.25-3, V1.25-YS3A								
Internal current consumption (5 VDC)	0.65 A 0.85 A									
Weight		0.2	22kg							

### Table 3.2 Performance Specifications

\*1 : The weight in hardware version "F" or earlier is 0.28kg.

How to check the hardware version The hardware version for the A1S68DAV/DAI can be checked on the label on the front of the module.



\*1 Maximum resolution of analog value

The maximum resolution of analog value is the maximum variance in the analog output caused by a change in the digital value by "1".

\*2 Overall accuracy

Overall accuracy is the accuracy to the maximum value of analog output.

1) Overall accuracy of the A1S68DAV is the accuracy when the output voltage setting is 10 volts.



 Overall accuracy of the A1S68DAl is the accuracy when the output voltage setting is 20 mA.



\*3 Maximum Conversion speed

The conversion speed is the length of time required from the reading of a digital value written to the buffer to the output of the specified analog value after D/A conversion. The conversion speed becomes the maximum when the maximum analog value output changes to the minimum analog value output, or vice versa. The maximum speed is 4 ms.

#### POINT

The A1S68DAV/DAI does not have any control for adjusting the analog output value.

On delivery, the A1S68DAV/DAI is adjusted so that the correct analog output with respect to the digital input value will be output, but depending on the environment in which the module is used (temperature, etc.), it is possible that correct output in accordance with the I/O characteristics will not be achieved.

If there is some discrepancy in the analog output values obtained in response to the set digital input values, adjust by increasing or decreasing the digital value.

Note that a change of "1" in the digital value corresponds to the following amounts of change in analog output values:

• A1S68DAV: 5 mV • A1S68DAI: 4 μA

# **3. SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 3.3 I/O Conversion Characteristics

#### 3.3.1 I/O Conversion characteristics of the A1S68DAV

(1) I/O conversion characteristics

The I/O conversion characteristics of the A1S68DAV are shown in Fig. 3.1.





(2) Determining the analog output value

Resolution of Analog output caused by digital input is obtained as shown below.

(Analog output value [V])=

(Resolution of analog value [V]) x (Digitalinput)

#### 3.3.2 I/O conversion characteristics of the A1S68DAI

(1) I/O conversion characteristics

The I/O conversion characteristics of the A1S68DAI are shown in Fig. 3.2.





(2) Determining analog output values

Resolution of Analog output caused by digital input is obtained as shown below.

÷

(Analog output value [mA])= (Resolution of analog value [mA]) x (Digital input) + (4 mA)

#### 3.4 Analog Output Control Functions

#### 3.4.1 Analog output HOLD/CLR function at STOP of CPU

This function makes it possible to select whether the last analog values output at each channel are held or cleared (0 V output in the case of the A1S68DAV, 0 or 4 mA output in the case of the A1S68DAI), when the PLC CPU goes into the STOP status, or when digital-to-analog conversion is stopped by the occurrence of an A1S68DAV/DAI error: the setting is made for all channels in a batch using the HLD/CLR terminal on the front face of the module.

#### 3.4.2 D/A conversion execute/non-execute setting function (D/A conversion output enable flag)

This function determines if each channel outputs a D/A conversion value or 0 V/4 mA by setting a D/A conversion value output enable flag for each channel in the sequence program.

The D/A conversion time (conversion speed) is fixed disregarding of setting a D/A conversion value disable flag.

ON : D/A conversion value OFF: 0 V/4 mA

#### 3.4.3 Analog value external output enable/disable setting function (analog output enable/disable)

This function determines if an analog value output to external devices is enabled or disabled by writing 0/1 to address 0 for each channel in the sequence program.

Select one of the functions according to the state of the analog output to be set.

1:0 V/0 mA 0: (D/A conversion value or 0 V/4 mA)

#### 3.4.4 Function combination

By combining the functions described above, it is possible to make any required setting for the analog output when the PLC CPU is in the RUN status, when it enters the STOP status, when errors occur, and when A1S68DAV/DAI errors occur, as shown in table 3.3 below.

Table 3.5 Analog Output State Setting Combinations										
Setting Combi- nation	HOLD/CLEAR Setting (Section 3.4.1)		CLEAR	HOLD						
	D/A Conversion Output Enable Flag (Section 3.4.2)	Enable (ON	Disable (OFF)		Enable (ON) / Disable (OFF)					
Output Status Output Status Output Section 3.4.3)		Enable (0)	Disable (1)	Enable (0)	Disable (1)	Enable (0)	Disable (1)			
Analog outpu	ut at PLC CPU RUN	Analog value after D/A conversion of digital value set with the PLC CPU is output.	0 V/ 0 mA	0 V/4 mA	0 V/0 mA	Analog value after D/A conversion of digital value set with the PLC CPU is output.	0 V/0 mA			
Analog outpu STOP	it at PLC CPU	0 V/4 mA 0 V/ 0 mA 0 V/4 mA 0 V/0 mA		0 V/0 mA	Analog value before STOP is held.	0 V/0 mA				
Analog outpu occurrence	It at PLC CPU error	0 V/0 mA								
Analog outpu A1S68DAV/I occurrence		The upper limit of lower limit analog value is output	0 V/ 0 mA	0 V/4 mA	0 V/0 mA	The upper limit of lower limit analog value is output	0 V/0 mA			
	ut status on DAI watchdog I) occurrence			0 V/	0 mA					

#### Table 3.3 Analog Output State Setting Combinations

#### 3.5 CPU I/O Signal

#### 3.5.1 Overview of I/O signals

The A1S68DAV/DAI uses 32 points of signals for input and output respectively.

Table 3.4 gives the allocation and description of I/O signals.

X devices refer to input signals from the A1S68DAV/DAI to the PLC CPU.

Y devices refer to output signals from the PLC CPU to the A1S68DAV/DAI.

The device numbers (input/output signals) shown in the table are used when the A1S68DAV/DAI is loaded into slot 0 of the main base unit.

		-				
Signal Direction	: A1S68DAV/DAI → PLC CPU	Signal Direction: PLC CPU → A1S68DAV/I				
Device No.	Signal Description	Device No.	Signal Description			
хо	WDT error flag (A1S68DAV/DAI detection)	Y0 through YF	Unusable (used for system only)			
X1	D/A conversion READY	Y10 through Y17	D/A conversion value output enable flag			
X2	Error flag	Y18	Error reset flag			
X3 through X1F	Unusable	Y19 through Y1F	Unusable (used for system only)			

Table 3.4 I/O Singals

#### IMPORTANT

Because devices Y0 through YF and Y19 through Y1F are used in the system, they cannot be used in the sequence program.

If any of these devices are used (turned ON/OFF) in the sequence program, the functions of the A1S68DAV/DAI cannot be guaranteed.

If any of the devices Y0 through Y1F, has the same number as any of the devices X0 through X1F, that device cannot be used as an internal relay.

# **3. SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 3.5.2 I/O signal functions

(1) WDT (watch dog timer) error flag (X0)

This flag is set when the self-diagnosis function of the A1S68DAV/DAI detects a WDT error. While the error flag is set, the D/A conversion of the A1S68DAV/DAI does not RUN (0 V/0 mA is output). If the error flag (X0) is set, a hardware malfunction may occur.

(2) D/A conversion READY signal (X1)

This signal is turned ON when the D/A conversion is ready after turning on or resetting the PLC CPU.

The D/A conversion READY signal (X1) can also be used as the buffer memory read/write interlock .

#### REMARK

In this manual, "D/A conversion READY" means the time when the analog output values have been output to external equipment by executing the D/A conversion with each channel.

(3) Error flag (X2)

This flag is set when an error (digital value setting error) other than the watch dog timer error occurs in the A1S68DAV/DAI.

This flag is reset when: (a) the error reset flag (Y18) is turned ON, or (b), "0" is written to the CH1 to CH8 set value check code storage areas (buffer 10 to 17).

(4) D/A conversion output enable flag (Y10 to Y17)

If any of the D/A conversion enable flags for channels 1 to 8 are set, the D/A conversion value output of the corresponding channels is set to "enabled".

If a D/A conversion value output needs to be set to "disable", reset the corresponding D/A conversion enable flag.

Y10 : D/A conversion value output enable flag for channel 1

Y11 : D/A conversion value output enable flag for channel 2

Y17 : D/A conversion value output enable flag for channel 8

(5) Error reset signal (Y18)

Turning ON the error reset signal (Y18) resets the error flag (X2), and clears the check code stored in the setting value check code storage area (addresses 10 to 17) of the buffer memory. It is replaced by "0".



### POINT

The I/O allocation numbers of the A1S68DAV/DAI mentioned in this manual are those when the A1S68DAV/DAI is loaded in slot No.0 of the main base unit.

#### 3.6 Buffer Memory

The A1S68DAV/DAI has a butter memory (not battery backed) for data communication with the PLC CPU.

The buffer memory assignment and data maps are indicated below.

#### 3.6.1 Buffer memory assignment

	ress 2 cimal)		Default Value	Relevant Section
0	Analog output enable/ disable channel		0000н (all channels enabled)	Section 3.6.2
1	CH.1 digital value		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2	CH.2 digital value			
3	CH.3 digital value			
4	CH.4 digital value		0	Section 3.6.3
5	CH.5 digital value			
6	CH.6 digital value			
7	CH.7 digital value			
8	CH.8 digital value			
9				
10	CH.1 set value check code	]		
11	CH.2 set value check code			
12	CH.3 set value check code			
13	CH.4 set value check code		0	Section 3.6.4
14	CH.5 set value check code			
15	CH.6 set value check code			
16	CH.7 set value check code			
17	CH.8 set value check code			

Fig. 3.3 Buffer Memory Assignment

# **3. SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 3.6.2 Analog output enable/disable channel area (Address 0H)

- (1) Defines output enable/disable for the converted analog value per channel.
- (2) All channels are enabled for output when:
  - (a) Power is switched on; or
  - (b) PLC CPU is reset.
- (3) Output enable/disable is defined by 0/1.
  - (a) Enable ..... 0
  - (b) Disable ..... 1
- (4) The analog output enable/disable channel area data map is shown below:

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	69	<b>b</b> 8	b7	<del>6</del> 6	53	<b>b</b> 4	<b>b</b> 3	62	b1	ю
								CH. 8	СН. 7	СН. 6	СН. 5	CH. 4	СН. З	CH. 2	СН.1
	Ignored														

#### Fig. 3.4 Analog Output Enable/Disable Channel Area Data Map

#### 3.6.3 CH.1 to CH.8 digital value area (Addresses 1H to 8H)

- (1) Write digital values to this area from the PLC CPU for D/A conversion.
- (2) Digital values of all channels are set to 0 if:
  - (a) D/A conversion READY flag (X1) is ON after power on; or
  - (b) D/A conversion READY flag (X1) is switched ON after the PLC CPU is reset.
- (3) The digital values that can be set are 16-bit signed binary values within the range indicated in table 3.5.
   If a value outside the valid setting range is set, D/A conversion is

performed in accordance with the "digital value for D/A conversion when values outside the specified range are set" indicated in table 3.5 and the check code is stored in the set value check code storage area (addresses 10 to 17).

Module	Setting Range	Digital Value for D-A Conversion when Values Outside the Special Ranges are Set.
A1S68DAV	2048 to 2047 (-2000 to 2000 : for guaranteed operation)	2048 or above :2047 2049 or below :2048
A1S68DAI	0 to 4095 (0 to 4000 : for guaranteed operation)	4096 or above :4095 -1 or below :0

Table 3.5 The Setting Range of Digital Value

#### 3.6.4 CH.1 to CH.8 set value check code storage area (Addresses 10H to 17H)

- (1) Used to check whether the set digital values are within or out of the setting range.
- (2) The corresponding check code in Table 3.6 is stored if a digital value out of the setting range of digital value resolution is set.

Check Code	Description
000Fн	A digital value over the setting range was set.
00F0н	A digital value below the setting range was set.
00FFн	<b>Digital values over and below the setting range resolution were set.</b> For example, the 00FFH check code is stored if a digital value exceeding the valid range is written, and then, without the check code being reset, a digital value that falls short of the valid range is written.

Table 3.6 Check Code List

(3) Any check code stored once is not reset even though the corresponding set value is corrected to a valid value (within the setting range).

The check code should be reset by switching the error reset signal(Y18) ON or by writing "0" in each storage area.

#### POINT

The error flag(X2) is set ON to indicate that a check code has been stored to the set value check code area.

# 4. PRE-OPERATION SETTINGS AND PROCEDURES

MELSEC-A

# 4. PRE-OPERATION SETTINGS AND PROCEDURES

#### 4.1 **Pre-Operation Procedure**

St	art	
Load module.		
<ul> <li>Load the A1S68DAV/E slot.</li> </ul>	OAI onto the specified	
Specify analog output	HLD/CLR.	See Section 4.4
<ul> <li>Using a jumper, specified is held or cleared at the STOP.</li> </ul>	fy whether analog output e time of PLC CPU	
Wiring		See Section 4.5
Connect the A1S68DA vices.	V/DAI and external de-	
Programming, debuggi	ng	See Section 5.
Write and check progra fer between the CPU a	ams used for data trans- and A1S68DAV/DAI.	

Fig. 4.1 Pre-Operation Procedure

#### **Cautions on Handling** 4.2

This section gives the cautions on handling the A1S68DAV/DAI.

- (1) The case of the A1S68DAV/DAI is made of resin: do not drop it or subject it to strong impact.
- (2) Do not remove the printed circuit board from the case. This could cause failure.
- (3) Make sure that no wire offcuts or other debris enters the top of the module during wiring. If anything does enter the module, remove it.
- (4) Tighten the module mounting and terminal screws as specified below.

Screw	Tightening Touque Range		
Module mounting screw (M4 screw)	78 to 118 N⋅cm		
Terminal block trminal screws (M3.5 screws)	59 to 88 N⋅cm		
Terminal block mounting screws (M4 screws)	78 to 118 N⋅cm		

(5) When mounting the A1S68DAV/DAI to the base unit, make sure that the module fixing projection is inserted in the module fixing hole before securing the module with the module mounting screw.

When removing the module, be sure to remove the module mounting screw before attempting to disengage the module fixing projection from the module fixing hole.



Module fixing hole

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#### 4.3 Nomenclature



This section gives the name of each part of the A1S68DAV/DAI.

# 4. PRE-OPERATION SETTINGS AND PROCEDURES

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Remark

In hardware version "F" or earlier, the RUN LED is positioned 6mm left from the one of hardware version "G" or later.

A1S68DA⊟ RUN ⊖	
-------------------	--

Hardware version "F" or earlier

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#### 4.4 HOLD/CLEAR Setting of Analog Output

This section explains how to define a HOLD/CLEAR setting of analog output when the PLC CPU is in the STOP mode.

(1) Use the HLD/CLR terminal (on the front of the A1S68DAV/DAI module) to define the HOLD/CLEAR setting of analog output.

Table 4.1 describes the settings and their states.

Analog Output Setting	State of HLD/CLR Terminal (Between Terminal Nos. 1 and 2)
HOLD	Connected
CLEAR	Not connected

Table 4.1 HOLD/CLEAR Setting

The original(factory-set) analog output state is CLEAR(disconnected).

(2) The analog output state by HOLD/CLEAR setting varies with settings of the D/A conversion value output enable flag (see Section 3.5.2(4)) and the analog output enable/disable state (see Section 3.6.2).

Table 3.3 shows the analog output states for settings of the D/A conversion value output enable flag and the analog output enable/disable state. It also shows the analog output state when the CPU is in the RUN mode.

#### 4.5 Wiring

#### 4.5.1 Wiring instructions

In order to get optimum performance from the functions of the A1S68DAV/DAI, and to ensure reliable system operation, the external wiring must have minimum susceptibility to noise.

The following cautions therefore apply when wiring.

(1) Use separate cables for AC voltages and the external output signals of the A1S68DAV/DAI so that the signal lines are not affected by surge and induction from the AC lines.

Do not bundle the external wiring together with main circuit or high-voltage lines, or load-bearing wires other than those of the PLC. This will increase susceptibility to noise and the effects of surges and induction.

(3) Ground the shielding of shielded wires and shielded cables at one point.

#### 4.5.2 Connection of A1S68DAV/DAI and external devices



(1) Connection Example of A1S68DAV and External Devices

Fig. 4.2 Connection Example of A1S68DAV and External Devices



#### (2) Connection Example of A1S68DAI and External Devices





### 5. PROGRAMMING

This section explains the programming procedure for use of the A1S68DAV/DAI. When applying any of the program examples introduced in this chapter to the actual system, full verify that there are no problems in the controllability of the target system.

#### 5.1 Programming Procedure

Program data transfer between the PLC CPU and A1S68DAV/DAI as indicated in Fig. 5.1.



Fig. 5.1 Programming Procedure

#### 5.2 Cautions on Programming

This section gives the cautions on creating a sequence program for the A1S68DAV/DAI.

(1) If the frequency of accessing in accordance with FROM/TO instructions from the PLC CPU is high, the D/A conversion time may be delayed by up to 6 ms.

In order to execute D/A conversion processing without a delay, keep accessing by means of FROM/TO instructions to a minimum.



#### **Explanation:**

When writing a program to write the data of 8 channels, writing a program like that marked "Batch" above, in which the data of all the channels is written in a batch by one FROM/TO instruction, rather than using 8 TO instructions as in the program marked "Divided" above, saves delays in A1S68DAV/DAI processing.

#### 5.3 Basic Read/Write Program

- (1) Reading from the A1S68DAV/DAI
  - ..... FROM, FROMP, DFRO, DFROP instructions

#### Format

FROM instruction execution sion READY condition

condition	HEADY					. 1
	FROMP	n1	n2	D	n3	┠{

Code	Description	Usable Devices
n1	The most significant two digits when the head I/O number allocated to the A1S68DAV/DAI is expressed as a 3-digit hexadecimal number	К, Н
n2	Head address of the buffer memory in which the data is stored	к, н
D	Head number of the devices in which the read data is stored	T, C, D, W, R
n3	Number of words of read data	К, Н

#### Example

The I/O of the A1S68DAV/DAI is allocated to X30 to 4F and Y30 to 4F, and 1 word of data is read from buffer memory address 10 to D0.

FROM instruc-

condition	X31						1
<b>├</b> ──┤├		FROMP	H3	K10	DO	K1	

#### (2) Writing to the A1S68DAV/DAI .... TO, TOP, DTO, DTOP instructions

#### Format

TO instruc- tion execution   condition	D/A conver- sion READY					
<u></u>	TOP	n1	n2	S	n3	

Code	Description	Usable Devices
n1	The most significant two digits when the head I/O number allocated to the A1S68DAV/DAI is expressed as a 3-digit hexadecimal number	К, Н
n2	Head address of the buffer memory in which the data is stored	к, н
S	Head number of the devices in which the read data is stored, or constant	T, C, D, W, R, K, H
n3	Number of words of write data	К, Н

#### Example

The I/O of the A1S68DAV/DAI is allocated to X60 to 7F and Y60 to 7F, and 1 word of data is written to buffer memory address 0.

#### TO instruction

condition X61						L.
<b>┝</b> ───┨┠────┤├	TOP	H6	KO	K1	K1	]{
### 5.4 Sample Program

The example program shown here writes the value set with the BCD digital switches to the digital value setting area for channel 1 of the A1S68DAV/DAI, and - if an error relating to the digital value occurs - reads the check code from the set value check code area (buffer memory address 10) and outputs it to Y70 to Y72.

### Programming conditions

(1) System configuration



- (2) Initial settings
  - (a) Analog output enable channel.....CH.1

### (3) Device for user

(	(a)	Analog output enable/disable channel setting signal	.xo
(	(b)	Digital value write signal	.X1
(	(c)	Digital value setting (BCD, 4 digits)	X30 to X3F
(	(d)	Error reset signal	.X2
(	(e)	Digital value storage register	.D0
(	(f)	Check code storage register	.D1
(	(g)	Digital value setting error output	.Y70
(	(h)	Error output when digital value indicated below or higher is set • A1S68DDAV: 2048 • A1S68DAI: 4097	.Y71
. (	(i)	Error output when digital value indicated below or lower is set • A1S68DAV: -2049 • A1S68DAI: -1	.Y72

# **5. PROGRAMMING**



# 6. TROUBLESHOOTING

Program conditions and troubleshooting diagnoses for the A1S68DAV/DAI are given below. For information on the PLC CPU , see the corresponding PLC CPU User's Manual.

### 6.1 When the RUN LED Flashes or Goes OFF

### (1) When the RUN LED goes OFF:

Items to Check	Corrective Actions		
Has an error occurred in the PLC CPU module?	Refer to the appropriate User's Manual for error information, and correct the error.		
Is the power supply module (5 VDC) installed to the base unit not getting enough current?	Recalculate the total amperage for the PLC CPU, I/O module, and special function module installed to the base unit, and replace the power supply module based on that calculation.		
is the A1S68DAV/DAI WDT error flag set?	Processing executed in accordance with Section 6.6.		

### (2) When the RUN LED flashes:

Items to Check	Corrective Actions
Has a digital value outside the set range been written?	Clear the set value check code storage area using the error reset flag.

# 6.2 When the Analog Value is 0 V/0 mA

### (1) When the values of all channels are 0 V/0 mA:

Items to Check	Corrective Actions	
Is the RUN LED of the A1S68DAV/DAI turned OFF?	Follow procedures in Section 6.1.	
Is the WDT error flag set?	Follow procedures in Section 6.6.	
Is the D/A conversion ready flag set?	Follow procedures in Section 6.7.	
Is the channel set as the analog output enabled/disabled channel?	Set the channel to be used as the analog output enabled/disabled channel.	
Is a digital value written to the digital value setting area (addresses 1 to 8) in the buffer?	Write the digital value to the channel used for D/A conversion (see Sections 3.6.3 and 5.4.).	

# 6.3 When the Analog Value is 4 mA (When Using an A1S68DAI)

Items to Check	Corrective Actions	
Is the RUN key switch of the PLC CPU module set to a position other than "RUN"?	Set the switch to the RUN position.	
Is the D/A conversion output enable flag of each channel OFF?	Turn ON the D/A conversion output enable flag of the channel to be used.	
Is the digital value setting area (addresses 1 to 8) of the buffer memory?	Write the digital values of the channel to be converted from digital to analog. (Refer to Sections 3.6.3 and 5.4)	

# 6.4 Analog Values are Output though the CPU Module is set to STOP

Items to Check	Corrective Actions
Are the HLD/CLR setting terminals shorted(hold)?	Open the HLD/CLR setting terminals.

### 6.5 When Digital and Analog Values do not Match

### (1) If the analog value changes when the digital value is changed:

Items to Check	Corrective Actions	
Is the wiring between the A1S68DAV/DAI and external devices correct?	Check the wiring between the A1S68DAV/DAI and external devices.	
Is the digital value written into the digital value setting area of the buffer memory (addresses 1 to 8) correct?	Write the correct digital values into the buffer memory addresses corresponding to the relevant channels.	

# (2) If the analog value does not change when the digital value is changed:

Items to Check	Corrective Actions	
Is the RUN key switch of the PLC CPU set to a position other than "RUN"?	Set the switch to the RUN position.	
Is the digital value written into the digital value setting area (addresses 1 to 8) of the buffer memory?	Write the digital value of the channel in which D/A conversion is executed to the digital value setting area (see Sections 3.6.3 and 5.4).	

# 6.6 The WDT Error Flag (X0) Comes ON

Item to Check	Corrective Actions
Does the WDT error flag go OFF when the PLC CPU is reset?	Check if there is a fault in the transmission system, and check if the system is affected by noise.

# 6. TROUBLESHOOTING

## 6.7 The D/A Conversion READY Flag (X1) Fails to Come ON

Items to Check	Corrective Actions	
Has a PLC CPU error occurred?	Take the appropriate corrective action for the error by referring to the user's manual for the PLC CPU.	
Is there an I/O number error?	Confirm/correct the I/O number.	

## 6.8 The Error Flag (X2) Comes ON

Item to Check	Corrective Actions
Is a value other than "0" set in the set value check code storage area (addresses 10 to 17) of the buffer memory?	Find out why a digital value outside the set range has been written to the digital value setting area of the channel that corresponds to the non-zero set value check code storage area. Then, take corrective action and use the error reset flag to clear the set value check code storage area.

## POINT

If all of the troubleshooting checks do not show problems, or if the prescriped corrective measures do not solve the problem, the A1S68DAV/DAI hardware might be faulty.

Consult a Mitsubishi representative.

# APPENDICES

# APPENDIX 1 COMPARISON WITH OTHER D/A CONVERTER MODULES

Table 1.1 shows the comparison of A1S68DAV/DAI and other D/A converter modules.

		Specifications			
Item				A1S62DA	
		A1S68DAV	A1S68DAI	Voltage Output	Current Output
Digital input		-2048 to 2047	0 to 4096	-4000 to 4000 -8000 to 8000 -12000 to 12000 (Varies according to the resolution setting)	0 to 4000 0 to 8000 0 to 12000 (Varies according to the resolution setting)
Analog output		-10 to 0 to 10 VDC (External load resistance: 2 kΩ to 1 MΩ)	4 to 20 mADC (External load resistance: 0 to 600 Ω)	-10 to 0 to 10 VDC (External load resistance: $2 \ k\Omega$ to 1 M $\Omega$ )	0 to 20 mADC (External load resistance: 0 to 600 Ω)
Maximum resolution		5 mV	4 μΑ	2.5 mV 1.25 mV 0.83 mV (Varies according to the resolution setting)	5 μA 2.5 μA 1.7 μA (Varies according to the resolution setting)
(Accura	accuracy cy with respect aximum value)	±1.0 %			
Number analog c	of channels of output	8 channels/module		2 channels/module	
Max. Co	nversion time	Within 4 ms/8 channels		Within 25 ms/2 channels	
Offset/G	ain adjustment	None		Provided (adjustable by using test switches instead of offset/gain adjustment knobs)	
Insula- tion method	Between output terminal and PC power supply	By Photocoupler			
	Between channels	Not insulated			
Output s	short protection	Provided			
Number I/O poin	of occupied ts	32 points			
Termina connect	l block for on	20-point terminal block			
Applicable wire size		0.75 to 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>			
Applicable solderless terminals		R1.25-3, 1.25-YS3, RAV1.25-3, V1.25-YS3A			
Internal consum	current ption (5 VDC)	0.65 mA	0.85 mA	0.8 A	
Weight (kg)		0.28 0.32			
Outside dimensions (mm)[in]		130[5.12](H) x 34.5[1.36](W) x 93.6[3.69](D)			

Table 1 Comparison List

- MELSEC-A

# **APPENDIX 2 OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS**

# 2.1 A1S68DAV



Unit: mm(inch)

v

# APPENDICES

MELSEC-A

# 2.2 A1S68DAI



Unit: mm(inch)

# **APPENDIX 3 CODE SHEET**

Front

0	
1	
2	
3 4	
4	
5 6	
6	
7	
8	
9	
A	
В	
С	
D	
E	
F	

Back			
1			
ク			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
	84545870-001		

# WARRANTY

Please confirm the following product warranty details before using this product.

### 1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be repaired at no cost via the sales representative or Mitsubishi Service Company.

However, if repairs are required onsite at domestic or overseas location, expenses to send an engineer will be solely at the customer's discretion. Mitsubishi shall not be held responsible for any re-commissioning, maintenance, or testing onsite that involves replacement of the failed module.

### [Gratis Warranty Term]

The gratis warranty term of the product shall be for one year after the date of purchase or delivery to a designated place.

Note that after manufacture and shipment from Mitsubishi, the maximum distribution period shall be six (6) months, and the longest gratis warranty term after manufacturing shall be eighteen (18) months. The gratis warranty term of repair parts shall not exceed the gratis warranty term before repairs.

### [Gratis Warranty Range]

- (1) The range shall be limited to normal use within the usage state, usage methods and usage environment, etc., which follow the conditions and precautions, etc., given in the instruction manual, user's manual and caution labels on the product.
- (2) Even within the gratis warranty term, repairs shall be charged for in the following cases.
  - 1. Failure occurring from inappropriate storage or handling, carelessness or negligence by the user. Failure caused by the user's hardware or software design.
  - 2. Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
  - 3. When the Mitsubishi product is assembled into a user's device, Failure that could have been avoided if functions or structures, judged as necessary in the legal safety measures the user's device is subject to or as necessary by industry standards, had been provided.
  - 4. Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts (battery, backlight, fuse, etc.) designated in the instruction manual had been correctly serviced or replaced.
  - 5. Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and Failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
  - 6. Failure caused by reasons unpredictable by scientific technology standards at time of shipment from Mitsubishi.
  - 7. Any other failure found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi or that admitted not to be so by the user.

### 2. Onerous repair term after discontinuation of production

- (1) Mitsubishi shall accept onerous product repairs for seven (7) years after production of the product is discontinued. Discontinuation of production shall be notified with Mitsubishi Technical Bulletins, etc.
- (2) Product supply (including repair parts) is not available after production is discontinued.

### 3. Overseas service

Overseas, repairs shall be accepted by Mitsubishi's local overseas FA Center. Note that the repair conditions at each FA Center may differ.

### 4. Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation of damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi, loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products, special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products, replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

### 5. Changes in product specifications

The specifications given in the catalogs, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior notice.

### 6. Product application

- (1) In using the Mitsubishi MELSEC programmable controller, the usage conditions shall be that the application will not lead to a major accident even if any problem or fault should occur in the programmable controller device, and that backup and fail-safe functions are systematically provided outside of the device for any problem or fault.
- (2) The Mitsubishi programmable controller has been designed and manufactured for applications in general industries, etc. Thus, applications in which the public could be affected such as in nuclear power plants and other power plants operated by respective power companies, and applications in which a special quality assurance system is required, such as for Railway companies or Public service purposes shall be excluded from the programmable controller applications.
- In addition, applications in which human life or property that could be greatly affected, such as in aircraft, medical applications, incineration and fuel devices, manned transportation, equipment for recreation and amusement, and safety devices, shall also be excluded from the programmable controller range of applications.
- However, in certain cases, some applications may be possible, providing the user consults their local Mitsubishi representative outlining the special requirements of the project, and providing that all parties concerned agree to the special circumstances, solely at the users discretion.

Digital-Analog Converter Module Type A1S68DAV/DAI

User's Manual

MODEL A1S68DAV-U-E

13J810

MODEL CODE

IB(NA)-66587-G(0707)MEE

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